

# Saint Elizabeth Ann Seton



Elizabeth Ann Seton was born August 28, 1774 in New York City. Elizabeth's family was part of the Episcopal Church, and her mother was even the daughter of an Episcopal minister. Her mother died when she was just three years old, and her father remarried. Her step mother took Elizabeth with her to help the poor by providing food and necessities. Elizabeth married when she was 19 years old, to William Magee Seton. They were members of the Trinity Episcopal Church. Elizabeth continued to care for the poor along with her sister-in-law. She even helped found The Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children.

Elizabeth's family took a trip to Italy for her husband's work. Elizabeth's husband suffered from tuberculosis and died while in Italy. Elizabeth and her daughter Anna Maria stayed Italy after his death, and there was introduced to Catholicism. When she returned to the United States she joined the Catholic Church, and was

received on March 14, 1805, at the only Catholic Church in the country at the time, St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church in New York.

Elizabeth then started an academy for young women to provide income for herself and her children. However, as people learned of her conversion to Catholicism, many parents withdrew their daughters from her school due to the anti-Catholic views of the time period. After some time, she moved to Emmitsburg, Maryland and established the Saint Joseph's Academy and Free school, which was dedicated to educating Catholic girls. Elizabeth also established the first congregation of religious sisters in the United States, called Sisters of Charity of St. Joseph's.

Elizabeth Ann Seton died of tuberculosis on January 4th, 1821.

She was known for her love of nature, poetry, and music, especially the piano. She had a deep devotion to the Eucharist, Sacred Scripture and Mary.

Elizabeth Seton was beatified by Pope John XXII on March 17, 1963, and was canonized on September 14, 1975 by Pope Paul VI. She is also the patron saint of Catholic Schools.





# Math– Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

Week 7 - Use a yellow highlighter to highlight all the parallel lines in Elizabeth's name. Use a red pen to circle where perpendicular lines intersect at a right angle.

The 'E' in Elizabeth has been done for you already, what other parallel lines and perpendicular lines can you find in the other letters?

 ELIZABETH

ANN

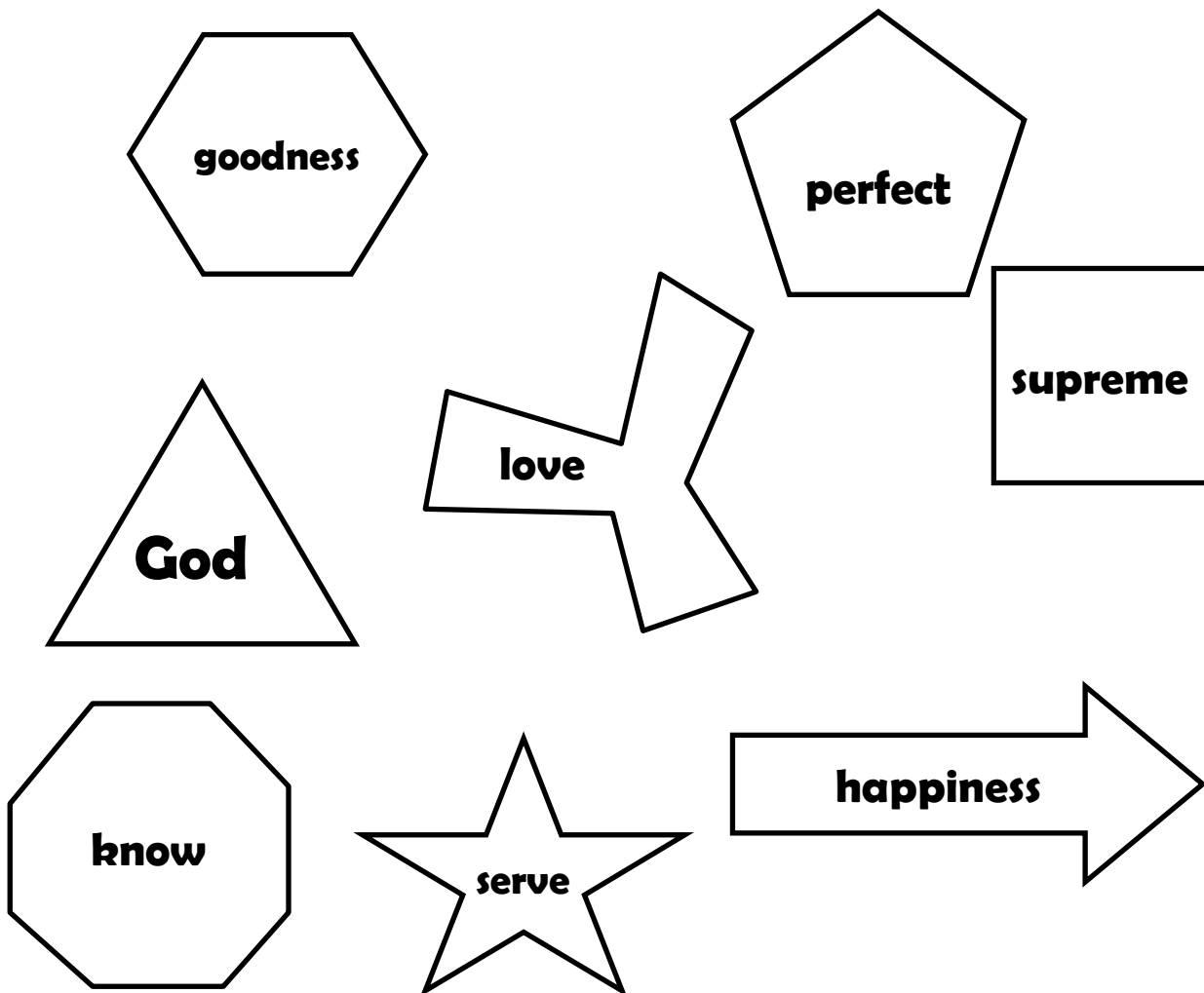
SETON

Write your own name below in all capital letters. Find all the parallel and perpendicular lines!

# Religion and Math– Shape Match-ups

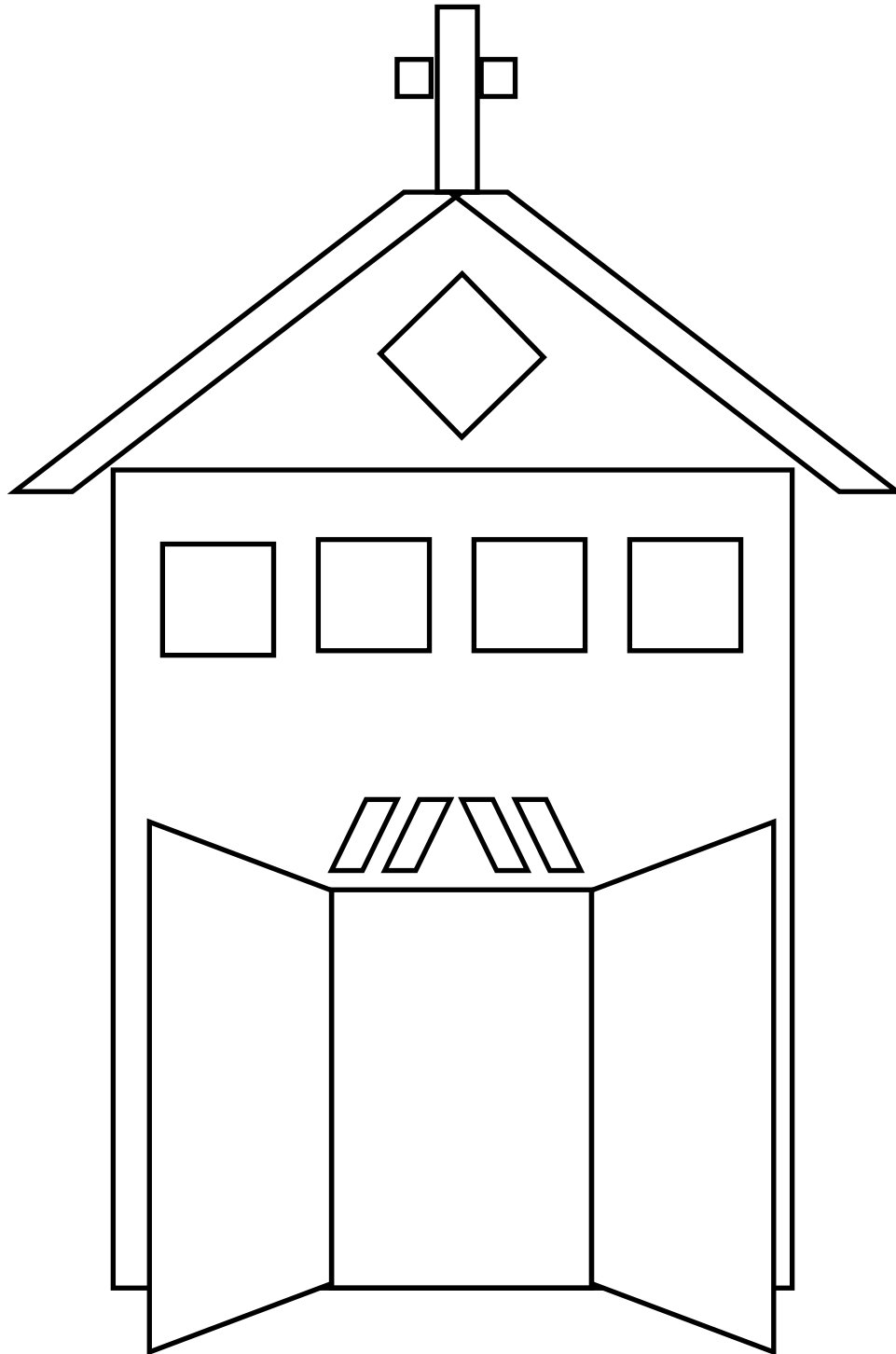
Week 8 - Review religion weeks 7 and 8 by matching the polygons we learn about in math week 8. Use the words in the correct polygons to fill in the blanks. The first one has been filled in for you.

1. Who made us? God made us.  
(triangle)
2. Who is God? God is the \_\_\_\_\_ being, infinitely \_\_\_\_\_, who made all things and keeps them in existence.  
(square) (pentagon)
3. Why did God make us? God made us to show forth His \_\_\_\_\_ and to share with His everlasting \_\_\_\_\_ in heaven.  
(hexagon) (heptagon)
4. What must we do to gain the happiness of heaven? We must \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ God in this world.  
(octagon) (nonagon) (decagon)



# Count the Quadrilaterals!

Saint Elizabeth Ann Seton founded the first free Catholic School in the US! Practice your week 9 math by counting each type of quadrilateral in the school picture below!



How many squares can you find? \_\_\_\_\_

How many trapezoids can you find? \_\_\_\_\_

How many parallelograms can you find? \_\_\_\_\_

Color in the picture when you've finished counting the shapes!